

HOWLETCH LANE PRIMARY SCHOOL NHS GUIDELINES

Diarrhoea and vomiting are common in adults, children and babies. They're often caused by a stomach bug and should stop in a few days.

The advice is the same if you have diarrhoea and vomiting together or separately.

How to treat diarrhoea and vomiting yourself

You can usually treat yourself or your child at home. The most important thing is to have lots of fluids to avoid dehydration.

DO

- Stay at home and get plenty of rest
- Drink lots of fluids, e.g. water of weak squash take small sips if you feel sick
- Eat when you feel able to you don't need to eat or avoid any specific foods
- Take paracetamol if you're in discomfort check the leaflet before giving to children

DON'T

- Don't drink fruit juice or fizzy drinks they can make diarrhoea worse
- Don't give children under 12 medicine to stop diarrhoea
- Don't give aspirin to children under 16

How long does diarrhoea and vomiting last?

In adults and children:

- diarrhoea usually stops within 48 hours
- vomiting usually stops within 24-48 hours

Diarrhoea and vomiting can spread easily

Important - Stay off school or work until you have not been sick or had diarrhoea for at least **2** days to help avoid spreading and infection

DO

- wash your hands with soap and water frequently
- wash any clothing or bedding that has poo or vomit on it separately on a hot wash
- clean toilet seats, flush handles, taps, surfaces and door handles every day.

DON'T

- do not prepare food for other people, if possible
- do not share towels, flannels, cutlery or utensils
- do not use a swimming pool until 2 weeks after the symptoms stop

A pharmacist can help if you or your child (over 5 years) have signs of dehydration e.g. dark, smelly pee or peeing less than usual.

If you think your child has been sick because of something they have eaten or from a bout of coughing, they can return to school after **24 hours after** following their last bout of sickness.